§512.20

Subpart E—Agency Treatment of Information Claimed To Be Confidential

§512.20 How does the agency treat information submitted pursuant to this part before a confidentiality determination is made?

- (a) Information received by NHTSA, for which a properly filed confidentiality request is submitted, will be kept confidential until the Chief Counsel makes a determination regarding its confidentiality. Such information will not be disclosed publicly, except in accordance with this part.
- (b) Redacted copies of documents submitted to NHTSA under this part will be disclosed to the public.

§ 512.21 How is information submitted pursuant to this part treated once a confidentiality determination is made?

- (a) Once the Chief Counsel makes a determination regarding the confidentiality of the submitted information, all materials determined not to be entitled to confidential protection will be disclosed to the public in accordance with the determination, unless a timely petition for reconsideration is received by the agency.
- (b) Upon receipt of a timely petition for reconsideration under §512.19 of this part, the submitted information will remain confidential, pending a determination regarding the petition.
- (c) Should the Chief Counsel, after considering a petition for reconsideration, decide that information is not entitled to confidential treatment, the agency may make the information available after twenty (20) working days after the submitter has received notice of that decision from the Chief Counsel unless the agency receives direction from a court not to release the information.

[68 FR 44228, July 28, 2003, as amended at 69 FR 21425, Apr. 21, 2004]

§512.22 Under what circumstances may NHTSA modify a grant of confidentiality?

- (a) The Chief Counsel may modify a grant of confidentiality based upon:
- (1) Newly discovered or changed facts:

- (2) A change in the applicable law;
- (3) A change in class determination, pursuant to §512.16;
 - (4) The passage of time; or
- (5) A finding that the prior determination is erroneous.
- (b) If the Chief Counsel believes that an earlier determination of confidentiality should be modified based on one or more of the factors listed in paragraph (a) of this section, the submitter of the information will be notified in writing that the Chief Counsel has modified its earlier determination and of the reasons for the modification, and will be informed that the information will be made available to the public in not less than twenty (20) working days from the date of receipt of the notice of modification. The information may be released publicly on an earlier date, if the Administrator determines in writing that the public interest requires that the information be made available to the public on such date. The submitter may seek reconsideration of the modification, pursuant to §512.19.

§512.23 Under what circumstances may NHTSA publicly release confidential information?

- (a) Information that has been claimed or determined to be confidential under this part may be disclosed to the public by the Administrator notwithstanding such claim or determination, if disclosure would be in the public interest as follows:
- (1) Information obtained under chapter 325, 327, 329 or 331 of title 49 of the United States Code (formerly under the Motor Vehicle Information and Cost Savings Act) may be disclosed when that information is relevant to a proceeding under the chapter under which the information was obtained.
- (2) Information obtained under chapter 301 of title 49 of the United States Code (49 U.S.C. § 30101 et seq.), relating to the establishment, amendment, or modification of Federal motor vehicle safety standards, may be disclosed when relevant to a proceeding under the chapter.
- (3) Except as specified in the next sentence, information obtained under Chapter 301 of title 49 of the United